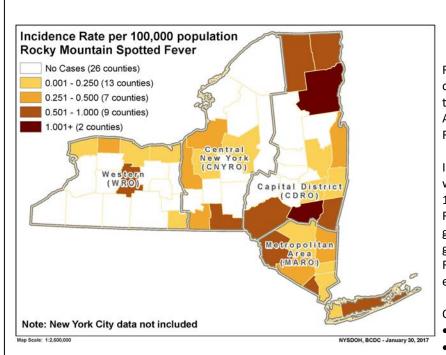
Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (RMSF)



RMSF Annual Incidence Rate by Year and Region, NYS (excluding NYC), 2011-2015

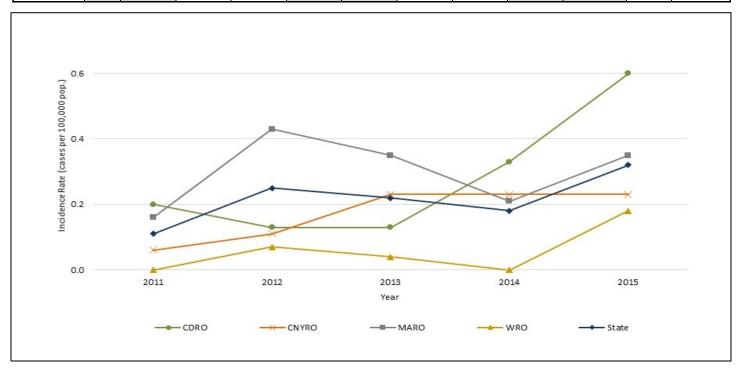
Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever (RMSF) is a disease caused by *Rickettsia rickettsii* and transmitted through the bite of an infected tick, generally the American dog tick in NYS. To learn more about RMSF please visit our website.

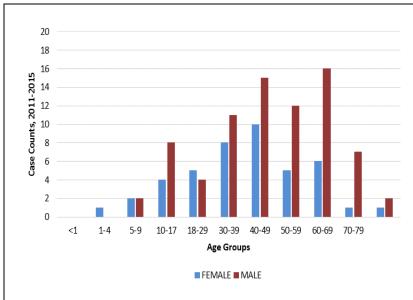
In New York State, excluding New York City, there was an average incidence rate of 0.22 cases per 100,000 population over the 5-year time period. Rates remained relatively stable within most regions, but increased in the Capital District region. Like other tick-borne diseases, most cases of RMSF have been found in the Metropolitan region, especially on Long Island.

Of the 121 RMSF cases,

- 33.1% were hospitalized;
- 0.8% of cases resulted in death.

Region	Cases and Incidence Rates (per 100,000 pop.), NYS (excluding NYC), 2011-2015											
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		Total	
	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate	N	Rate
CDRO	3	0.20	2	0.13	2	0.13	5	0.33	9	0.60	21	0.28
CNYRO	1	0.06	2	0.11	4	0.23	4	0.23	4	0.23	15	0.17
MARO	8	0.16	22	0.43	18	0.35	11	0.21	18	0.35	77	0.30
WRO	0	0.00	2	0.07	1	0.04	0	0.00	5	0.18	8	0.06
State	12	0.11	28	0.25	25	0.22	20	0.18	36	0.32	121	0.22





Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever 5-Year Cumulative Frequency by Age Group and Gender, NYS (excluding NYC) 2011-2015

Adult males have the highest burden of disease with males over 50 years of age having more than double the number of cases of their female counterparts.

Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever 5-year Average Incidence Rate by Age Group and Gender, NYS (excluding NYC), 2011-2015

Adult males have a significantly higher incidence of disease, consistent with national historical trends. Adult males 50 to 79 years old have the highest rates, more than double their female counterparts.

