



**Department
of Health**

KATHY HOCHUL
Governor

JAMES V. McDONALD, M.D., M.P.H.
Acting Commissioner

MEGAN E. BALDWIN
Acting Executive Deputy Commissioner

March 30, 2023

Todd McMillion
Director
Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
233 North Michigan Ave, Suite 600
Chicago, IL 60601

RE: SPA #23-0016
Long Term Care Facility Services

Dear Mr. McMillion:

The State requests approval of the enclosed amendment #23-0016 to the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for long term care facility services to be effective January 1, 2023 (Appendix I). This amendment is being submitted based on enacted legislation. A summary of the proposed amendment is provided in Appendix II.

This amendment is submitted pursuant to §1902(a) of the Social Security Act (42 USC 1396a(a)) and Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 447, Subpart C, (42 CFR §447).

A copy of the pertinent section of enacted legislation is enclosed for your information (Appendix III). Copies of the public notice of this proposed amendment, which was given in the New York State Register on December 28, 2022, is also enclosed for your information (Appendix IV). In addition, responses to the five standard funding questions are also enclosed (Appendix V).

If you have any questions regarding this State Plan Amendment submission, please do not hesitate to contact Regina Deyette, Medicaid State Plan Coordinator, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, Office of Health Insurance Programs at (518) 473-3658.

Sincerely,



Amir Bassiri
Medicaid Director
Office of Health Insurance Programs

Enclosures

**TRANSMITTAL AND NOTICE OF APPROVAL OF
STATE PLAN MATERIAL
FOR: CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES**

1. TRANSMITTAL NUMBER

2 3 — 0 0 1 6

2. STATE

N Y

3. PROGRAM IDENTIFICATION: TITLE OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

XIX XXI

TO: CENTER DIRECTOR
CENTERS FOR MEDICAID & CHIP SERVICES
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

4. PROPOSED EFFECTIVE DATE

January 1, 2023

5. FEDERAL STATUTE/REGULATION CITATION

§ 1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

6. FEDERAL BUDGET IMPACT (Amounts in WHOLE dollars)

a. FFY 01/01/23-09/30/23 \$ 0
b. FFY 10/01/23-09/30/24 \$ 0

7. PAGE NUMBER OF THE PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT

Att. 4.19-D Part I - Pages 110(d)(21), 110(d)(22), 110(d)(22.1), 110(d)(22.1)(a), 110(d)(22.2), 110(d)(22.3), 110(d)(23), 110(d)(23.1), 110(d)(24)

8. PAGE NUMBER OF THE SUPERSEDED PLAN SECTION OR ATTACHMENT (If Applicable)

Att. 4.19-D Part I - Pages 110(d)(21), 110(d)(22), 110(d)(22.1), 110(d)(22.2), 110(d)(22.3), 110(d)(23), 110(d)(23.1), 110(d)(24)

9. SUBJECT OF AMENDMENT

Nursing Home Quality Incentive Changes (NHQIC)

10. GOVERNOR'S REVIEW (Check One)

- GOVERNOR'S OFFICE REPORTED NO COMMENT
 COMMENTS OF GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ENCLOSED
 NO REPLY RECEIVED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF SUBMITTAL

OTHER, AS SPECIFIED:

11. SIGNATURE OF STATE AGENCY OFFICIAL

12. TYPED NAME

Amir Bassiri

13. TITLE

Medicaid Director

14. DATE SUBMITTED March 30, 2023

15. RETURN TO

New York State Department of Health
Division of Finance and Rate Setting
99 Washington Ave – One Commerce Plaza
Suite 1432
Albany, NY 12210

FOR CMS USE ONLY

16. DATE RECEIVED

17. DATE APPROVED

PLAN APPROVED - ONE COPY ATTACHED

18. EFFECTIVE DATE OF APPROVED MATERIAL

19. SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

20. TYPED NAME OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

21. TITLE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

22. REMARKS

SPA 23-0016

Attachment A

Annotated Page(s):

Attachment 4.19-D Page 110(d)(22.1)

**New York
110(d)(22.1)**

~~1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services~~

~~For threshold-based measures, the points will be awarded based on threshold values. The threshold-based measures are:~~

- ~~• Percent of Employees Vaccinated for Influenza: facilities will be awarded five points if the rate is 85% or higher, and zero points if the rate is less than 85%.~~
- ~~• Percent of Contract/Agency Staff Used: facilities will be awarded five points if the rate is less than 10%, and zero points if the rate is 10% or higher.~~
- ~~• Percent of Long Stay Residents Experiencing One or More Falls with Major Injury: facilities will be awarded five points if the rate is equal to or less than 5%, and zero points if the rate is greater than 5%.~~
- ~~• Percent of Long Stay Residents with a Urinary Tract Infection: facilities will be awarded five points if the rate is equal to or less than 5%, and zero points if the rate is greater than 5%.~~

~~Rate of Staffing Hours per Resident per Day~~

~~NYS DOH will calculate an annualized adjusted rate of staffing hours per resident per day using staffing information downloaded from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) appropriate for that year. The staffing information is based on Payroll Based Journal Public Use Files (PBJ-PUFs). PBJ-PUFs are public data sets prepared by the CMS. For this measure, staffs are defined as RNs, LPNs, and Aides. The rate of reported staffing hours and the rate of case-mix staffing hours will be taken from the staffing information and the adjusted rate of staffing hours will be calculated using the formula below.~~

~~Rate Adjusted = (Rate Reported/Rate Case Mix) * Statewide average~~

~~Awarding for Improvement~~

~~Nursing homes will be awarded improvement points from previous years' performance in selected measures in the Quality Component only. One improvement point will be awarded for a nursing home that improves in its quintile for a specific quality measure, compared to its quintile in the previous year for that quality measure. Nursing homes that obtain the top quintile in a quality measure will not receive an improvement point because maximum points per measure cannot exceed five. The threshold-based quality measures below will not be eligible to receive improvement points:~~

- ~~• Percent of Employees Vaccinated for Influenza~~
- ~~• Percent of Long Stay Residents Experiencing One or More Falls with Major Injury~~
- ~~• Percent of Long Stay Residents With a Urinary Tract Infection~~

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Appendix I
2023 Title XIX State Plan
First Quarter Amendment
Amended SPA Pages

**New York
110(d)(21)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

The New York State Nursing Home Quality Pool (NHQP) is an annual budget-neutral pool of \$50 million dollars. The intent of the NHQP is to incentivize Medicaid-certified nursing facilities across New York State to improve the quality of care for their residents, and to reward facilities for quality based on their performance. The set of measures used to evaluate nursing homes are part of the Nursing Home Quality Initiative (NHQI). The performances of facilities in the NHQI determine the distribution of the funds in the NHQP.

NHQI is described below using MDS (Minimum Data Set) year and NHQI (Nursing Home Quality Initiative) year. MDS year refers to the year the assessment data is collected. NHQI year refers to the year when the nursing home performance is evaluated. For example, if the NHQI year is ~~2021~~ 2022, then the MDS year is ~~2020~~ 2021. For NHQI ~~2021~~ 2022, the Commissioner will calculate a score and quintile ranking based on data from the MDS year ~~2020~~ 2021 (January 1 of the MDS year through December 31 of the MDS year), for each non-specialty facility. The score will be calculated based on measurement components comprised of Quality, ~~and Compliance, and Efficiency~~ Measures. These measurement components and their resulting score and quintile ranking will be referred to as the Nursing Home Quality Initiative. From the NHQI, the Commissioner will exclude specialty facilities consisting of non-Medicaid facilities, Special Focus Facilities as designated by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), Continuing Care Retirement Communities, Transitional Care Units, specialty facilities, and specialty units within facilities. Specialty facilities and specialty units will include AIDS facilities or discrete AIDS units within facilities, facilities or discrete units within facilities for residents receiving care in a long-term inpatient rehabilitation program for traumatic brain injured persons, facilities or discrete units within facilities that provide specialized programs for residents requiring behavioral interventions, facilities or discrete units within facilities for long-term ventilator dependent residents, facilities or discrete units within facilities that provide services solely to children, and neurodegenerative facilities or discrete neurodegenerative units within facilities. The score for each such non-specialty facility will be calculated using the following Quality, ~~and Compliance, and Efficiency~~ Measures. ~~To offset the impact of COVID-19, some of the quality and the efficiency measures are removed from NHQI 2021 with the intent of bringing back the measures for future NHQI.~~ The measures in this NHQI are listed below:

Quality Measures		Measure Steward
<u>1</u>	Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Received the Pneumococcal Vaccine	CMS
<u>2</u>	Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Received the Seasonal Influenza Vaccine	CMS
<u>3</u>	Percent of Long Stay Residents Experiencing One or More Falls with Major Injury	CMS
<u>4</u>	Percent of Low Risk Long Stay Residents Who Lose Control of Their Bowels or Bladder	CMS
<u>5</u>	Percent of Long Stay High Risk Residents with Pressure Ulcers (As Risk Adjusted by the Commissioner)	CMS
<u>6</u>	Percent of Long Stay Residents Who have Depressive Symptoms	CMS
<u>7</u>	Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Lose Too Much Weight (As Risk Adjusted by the Commissioner)	CMS

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**New York
110(d)(22)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

<u>8.</u>	Percent of Long Stay Antipsychotic Use in Persons with Dementia	Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA)
<u>9.</u>	Percent of Long Stay Residents Whose Need for Help with Daily Activities Has Increased	CMS
<u>10.</u>	Percent of Long Stay Residents with a Urinary Tract Infection	CMS
<u>11.</u>	Percent of Employees Vaccinated for Influenza	NYS DOH
<u>12.</u>	Percent of Contract/Agency Staff Used	NYS DOH
<u>13.</u>	Rate of Staffing Hours per Resident per Day	NYS DOH
<u>14.</u>	<u>Total Nursing Staff Turnover (By Region)</u>	<u>CMS</u>
<u>15.</u>	<u>Percentage of Current Residents Up to Date with COVID-19 Vaccines with No Medical Contraindications</u>	<u>CMS</u>
Compliance Measures		
<u>16.</u>	CMS Five-Star Quality Rating for Health Inspections as of April 1 of the NHQI year (By Region)	CMS
	Timely Submission and Certification of Complete New York State Nursing Home Cost Report to the Commissioner for the MDS year	NYS DOH
<u>17.</u>	Timely Submission of Employee Influenza Immunization Data for the September 1 of the MDS year - March 31 of the NHQI year Influenza Season by the deadline	NYS DOH
Efficiency Measure		
<u>18.</u>	<u>Rate of Potentially Avoidable Hospitalizations for Long Stay Residents January 1 of the MDS year – December 31 of the MDS year (As Risk Adjusted by the Commissioner)</u>	<u>NYS DOH</u>

Quality Component:

The maximum points a facility will receive for the Quality Component is ~~50-75~~. The applicable percentages or ratings for each of the ~~10-15~~ quality measures will be determined for each facility. ~~Four quality measures are removed in this NHQI year. Three of these measures are temporarily removed to offset the impact of COVID-19 (Percent of Long Stay High Risk Residents with Pressure Ulcers, Percent of Long Stay Residents Who have Depressive Symptoms, Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Lose Too Much Weight). These measures would be reassessed and brought back in the next NHQI year as appropriate. One measure was retired by CMS in October 2019 (The Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Self Report Moderate to Severe Pain).~~

The quality measures will be awarded points based on quintile values or threshold values. For quintile-based measures, the measures will be ranked and grouped by quintile with points awarded as follows:

Scoring for quintile-based Quality Measures	
Quintile	Points
1 st Quintile	5
2 nd Quintile	3
3 rd Quintile	1
4 th Quintile	0
5 th Quintile	0

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**New York
110(d)(22.1)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

For threshold-based measures, the points will be awarded based on threshold values. The threshold-based measures are:

- Percent of Contract/Agency Staff Used: facilities will be awarded five points if the rate is less than 10%, and zero points if the rate is 10% or higher.
- Percent of Long Stay Residents Experiencing One or More Falls with Major Injury: facilities will be awarded five points if the rate is equal to or less than 5%, and zero points if the rate is greater than 5%.
- Percent of Long Stay Residents with a Urinary Tract Infection: facilities will be awarded five points if the rate is equal to or less than 5%, and zero points if the rate is greater than 5%.

Percent of Employees Vaccinated for Influenza:

The scoring methodology for this measure is changed from threshold-based to quintile-based.

Rate of Staffing Hours per Resident per Day

NYS DOH will calculate an annualized adjusted rate of staffing hours per resident per day using staffing information downloaded from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) appropriate for that year. The staffing information is based on Payroll Based Journal Public Use Files (PBJ PUFs). PBJ PUFs are public data sets prepared by the CMS. For this measure, staffs are defined as RNs, LPNs, and Aides. The rate of reported staffing hours and the rate of case-mix staffing hours will be taken from the staffing information and the adjusted rate of staffing hours will be calculated using the formula below.

Rate Adjusted = (Rate Reported/Rate Case-Mix) * Statewide average

Total Nursing Staff Turnover (by region)

Total nursing staff turnover is defined as the percentage of nursing staff that left the nursing home over a twelve-month period.

The turnover measure is derived based on data from the CMS Payroll-Based Journal (PBJ) System. Using data submitted through PBJ, annual turnover measure for total nurses (RNs, licensed practical/licensed vocational nurses (LPNs), and nurse aides) are constructed by CMS. The PBJ job codes included in the total nursing staff turnover measure are as follows: RN director of nursing (job code 5), RNs with administrative duties (job code 6), RNs (job code 7), LPNs with administrative duties (job code 8), LPNs (job code 9), certified nurse aides (job code 10), aides in training (job code 11), and medication aides/technicians (job code 12). Please refer to Nursing Home Five-Star Quality Rating System: Technical Users' Guide for additional measure specification details.

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**New York
110(d)(22.1)(a)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

Total Nursing Staff Turnover (by region) continued

The annual turnover percentages for all the NHOI facilities are downloaded from CMS for the MDS year. These percentages are used to calculate quintile cut points for Metropolitan (MARO) and Non-Metropolitan (Non-MARO) region in the New York state. Non-Metropolitan region include Western New York, Capital District, and Central New York. Nursing homes will be given points for this measure based on their performance in that region.

Metropolitan Area Regional Offices (MARO): Bronx, Dutchess, Kings, Nassau, New York, Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, Sullivan, Ulster, and Westchester.

Non-Metropolitan Area Regional Offices (Non-MARO):

Albany, Allegany, Broome, Cattaraugus, Cayuga, Chautauqua, Chemung, Chenango, Clinton, Columbia, Cortland, Delaware, Erie, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Genesee, Greene, Hamilton, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Livingston, Madison, Monroe, Montgomery, Niagara, Oneida, Onondaga, Ontario, Orleans, Oswego, Otsego, Rensselaer, Saint Lawrence, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Tioga, Tompkins, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Wyoming, and Yates.

Percentage of Current Residents Up to Date with COVID-19 Vaccines with No Medical Contraindications

The vaccination rate for this measure is calculated as follows: (Number of Residents Staying in this Facility for At Least 1 Day This Week Up to Date with COVID-19 Vaccines / (Number of All Residents Staying in this Facility for At Least 1 Day This Week - Number of All Residents Staying in this Facility for At Least 1 Day This Week with a Medical Contraindication to a COVID-19 Vaccine at Any Time) * 100.

The weekly vaccination rates for this measure are downloaded from the CMS's COVID-19 Nursing Home data website. The Nursing Home COVID-19 Public File includes data reported by nursing homes to the CDC's National Healthcare Safety Network (NHSN) Long Term Care Facility (LTCF) COVID-19 Module: Surveillance Reporting Pathways and COVID-19 Vaccinations. One of the weekly vaccination rates during October to December 2022 will be used. The rates will be used to calculate quintile cut points. Nursing homes will be given points for this measure based on their performance.

Awarding for Improvement

Nursing homes will be awarded improvement points from previous years' performance in selected measures in the Quality Component only. One improvement point will be awarded for a nursing home that improves in its quintile for a specific quality measure, compared to its quintile in the previous year for that quality measure. Nursing homes that obtain the top quintile in a quality measure will not receive an improvement point because maximum points per measure cannot exceed five. The threshold-based quality measures below will not be eligible to receive improvement points:

- Percent of Long Stay Residents Experiencing One or More Falls with Major Injury
- Percent of Long Stay Residents with a Urinary Tract Infection

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**New York
110(d)(22.2)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

- Percent of Contract/Agency Staff Used

The quintile-based quality measures that are eligible for improvement points are listed below:

- Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Received the Pneumococcal Vaccine
- Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Received the Seasonal Influenza Vaccine
- Percent of Long Stay Low Risk Residents Who Lose Control of Their Bowels or Bladder
- Percent of Long Stay Antipsychotic Use in Persons with Dementia
- Percent of Long Stay Residents Whose Need for Help with Daily Activities Has Increased
- Rate of Staffing Hours Per Resident Per Day

The grid below illustrates the method of awarding improvement points.

MDS year Performance						
NHQI year Performance	Quintiles	1 (best)	2	3	4	5
	1 (best)	5	5	5	5	5
	2	3	3	4	4	4
	3	1	1	1	2	2
	4	0	0	0	0	1
	5	0	0	0	0	0

For example, if MDS year performance is in the third quintile, and NHQI year performance is in the second quintile, the facility will receive four points for the measure. This is three points for attaining the second quintile and one point for improvement from the previous year’s third quintile.

Risk Adjustment of Quality Measures

~~The three risk-adjusted quality measures are removed in this NHQI year (Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Self Report Moderate to Severe Pain, Percent of Long Stay High Risk Residents with Pressure Ulcers, Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Lose Too Much Weight).~~

The following quality measures will be risk adjusted using the following covariates as reported in the MDS 3.0 data to account for the impact of individual risk factors:

Percent of Long Stay High Risk Residents with Pressure Ulcers: The covariates include gender, age, BMI, prognosis of less than six months of life expected, diabetes, heart failure, deep vein thrombosis, anemia, renal failure, hip fracture, bowel incontinence, cancer, paraplegia, and quadriplegia

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**New York
110(d)(22.3)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

- Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Lose Too Much Weight: The covariates include age, hospice care, cancer, renal failure, prognosis of less than six months of life expected.

For these two measures the risk adjusted methodology includes the calculation of the observed rate; that is the facility's numerator-compliant population divided by the facility's denominator.

The expected rate is the rate the facility would have had if the facility's patient mix was identical to the patient mix of the state. The expected rate is determined through the risk-adjusted model and follows the CMS methodology found in the MDS 3.0 Quality Measures User's Manual, Appendix A-1.

The facility-specific, risk-adjusted rate is the ratio of observed to expected measure rates multiplied by the overall statewide measure rate

Reduction of Points Base: When a quality measure is not available for a nursing home, the number of points the measure is worth will be reduced from the NHQI maximum base points. The nursing home's total score will be the sum of its points divided by the base. This reduction can happen in the following scenario:

- When a quality measure has a denominator of less than 30

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110(d)(23)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

Compliance Component: The maximum points a facility will receive for the Compliance Component is ~~20~~15 points. Points will be awarded as follows:

Scoring for Compliance Measures	
CMS Five-Star Quality Rating for Health Inspections (By Region)	Points
5 Stars	10
4 Stars	7
3 Stars	4
2 Stars	2
1 Star	0
Timely Submission and Certification of Complete New York State Nursing Home Cost Report to the Commissioner of the MDS year	5 (Facilities that fail to submit a timely, certified, and complete cost report will receive zero points)
Timely Submission of Employee Influenza Immunization Data	5 (Facilities that fail to submit timely influenza data by the deadline will receive zero points)

CMS Five-Star Quality Rating for Health Inspections

The CMS Five-Star Quality Rating for Health Inspections as of April 1 of the NHQI year will be adjusted by region. This is not a risk adjustment. For eligible New York State nursing homes, the health inspection scores from CMS will be stratified by region. Cut points for health inspection scores within each region will be calculated using the CMS 10-70-20% distribution method. Per CMS' methodology, the top 10% of nursing homes receive five stars. The middle 70% receive four, three, or two stars, with an equal percentage (~23.33%) receiving four, three, or two stars. The bottom 20% receive one star. Each nursing home will be awarded a star rating based on the health inspection score cut points specific to its region. Regions include the Metropolitan Area (MARO), Western New York (WRO), Capital District (CDRO), and Central New York (CNYRO). Regions are defined by the New York State Health Facilities Information System (NYS HFIS). The counties within each region are shown below.

Metropolitan Area Regional Offices (MARO): Bronx, Dutchess, Kings, Nassau, New York, Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, Sullivan, Ulster, and Westchester.

Central New York Regional Offices (CNYRO): Broome, Cayuga, Chenango, Cortland, Herkimer, Jefferson, Lewis, Madison, Oneida, Onondaga, Oswego, Saint Lawrence, Tioga, and Tompkins.

Capital District Regional Offices (CDRO): Albany, Clinton, Columbia, Delaware, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Greene, Hamilton, Montgomery, Otsego, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Warren, and Washington.

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**New York
110(d)(23.1)**

1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services

Western New York Regional Offices (WRO): Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Chemung, Erie, Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Niagara, Ontario, Orleans, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Wayne, Wyoming, and Yates.

Reduction of Points Base: When a compliance measure is not available for a nursing home, the number of points the measure is worth will be reduced from the NHQI maximum base points. The nursing home's total score will be the sum of its points divided by the base. This reduction can happen when a facility does not have a CMS Five-Star Quality Rating for Health Inspections.

Efficiency Component:

~~The potentially avoidable hospitalizations measure is temporarily removed in this NHQI year. This is to offset the impact of COVID-19 and the incompleteness of hospitalization data. This measure will be reassessed and brought back in the next NHQI year as appropriate.~~

The maximum points a facility may receive for the Efficiency Component is 10 points. The rates of potentially avoidable hospitalizations will be determined for each facility and each such rate will be ranked and grouped by quintile with points awarded as follows:

Scoring for Efficiency Measure	
Quintile	Points
<u>1st Quintile</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>2nd Quintile</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>3rd Quintile</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>4th Quintile</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>5th Quintile</u>	<u>0</u>

The Efficiency Measure will be risk adjusted for certain conditions chosen from a pool of covariates as reported in the MDS 3.0 data to account for the impact of individual risk factors: gender, age, shortness of breath, falls with injury, pressure ulcer, activities of daily living, renal disease, cognitive impairment, dementia, diabetes, parenteral nutrition, rheumatologic disease, gastrointestinal disease, multi-drug-resistant infection, indwelling catheter, wound infection, deep vein thrombosis, cancer, feeding tube, coronary artery disease, liver disease, paralysis, peripheral vascular disease, and malnutrition.

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New York
110(d)(24)**Reserved****1905(a)(4)(A) Nursing Facility Services**

A potentially avoidable hospitalization is found by matching a discharge assessment in the MDS 3.0 data to its hospital record in SPARCS. The following primary ICD-10 diagnoses on the SPARCS hospital record are potentially avoidable:

<u>Potentially Avoidable Hospitalization Condition</u>	<u>Source of ICD-10-CM Codes</u>
<u>Respiratory infection</u>	<u>Default CCSR CATEGORY DESCRIPTION IP *</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>"Acute and chronic tonsillitis"</u> • <u>"Acute bronchitis"</u> • <u>"Influenza"</u> • <u>"Other specified upper respiratory infections"</u> • <u>"Pneumonia (except that caused by tuberculosis)"</u> • <u>"Sinusitis"</u>
<u>Sepsis</u>	<u>CCSR CATEGORY 1 DESCRIPTION "Septicemia" *</u>
<u>Urinary tract infection</u>	<u>CCSR CATEGORY 1 DESCRIPTION "Urinary tract infections" *</u>
<u>Electrolyte imbalance</u>	<u>CCSR CATEGORY 1 DESCRIPTION "Fluid and Electrolyte Disorders" *</u>
<u>Heart failure</u>	<u>PQI 08 Heart Failure Admission Rate †</u>
<u>Anemia</u>	<u>CCSR CATEGORY 1 DESCRIPTION containing the text string "anemia" *</u>

* From Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) Clinical Classifications Software Refined (CCSR) files found at https://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/tools_software.jsp (CCSR for ICD-10-CM Diagnoses Tool, v2021.2 released 3/5/21).

ICD 10 codes with 'Default CCSR CATEGORY DESCRIPTION IP' as Unacceptable PDX are excluded.

† Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) Prevention Quality Indicators (PQI) https://www.qualityindicators.ahrq.gov/Downloads/Modules/PQI/V2021/TechSpecs/PQI_08_Heart_Failure_Admission_Rate.pdf

Reduction of Points Base: When the number of long stay residents that contribute to the denominator of the potentially avoidable hospitalization measure is less than 30, the number of points the measure is worth will be reduced from the base of 100 maximum NHQI points. The nursing home's total score will be the sum of its points divided by the base.

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Appendix II
2023 Title XIX State Plan
First Quarter Amendment
Summary

SUMMARY
SPA #23-0016

This State Plan Amendment proposes to maintain the quality incentive for nursing homes into the 2022 rate year and will continue to recognize improvement in performances as an element in the program and provide for other minor modifications. This SPA will clarify the reporting requirements related to the 2022 quality adjustments.

Appendix III
2023 Title XIX State Plan
First Quarter Amendment
Authorizing Provisions

SPA 23-0016

Pub. Health § 2808(2-c)(d)

(d) The commissioner shall promulgate regulations, and may promulgate emergency regulations, to implement the provisions of this subdivision. Such regulations shall be developed in consultation with the nursing home industry and advocates for residential health care facility residents and, further, the commissioner shall provide notification concerning such regulations to the chairs of the senate and assembly health committees, the chair of the senate finance committee and the chair of the assembly ways and means committee. Such regulations shall include provisions for rate adjustments or payment enhancements to facilitate a minimum four-year transition of facilities to the rate-setting methodology established by this subdivision and may also include, but not be limited to, provisions for facilitating quality improvements in residential health care facilities. For purposes of facilitating quality improvements through the establishment of a nursing home quality pool to be funded at the discretion of the commissioner by (i) adjustments in medical assistance rates, (ii) funds made available through state appropriations, or (iii) a combination thereof, those facilities that contribute to the quality pool, but are deemed ineligible for quality pool payments due exclusively to a specific case of employee misconduct, shall nevertheless be eligible for a quality pool payment if the facility properly reported the incident, did not receive a survey citation from the commissioner or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services establishing the facility's culpability with regard to such misconduct and, but for the specific case of employee misconduct, the facility would have otherwise received a quality pool payment. Regulations pertaining to the facilitation of quality improvement may be made effective for periods on and after January first, two thousand thirteen.

**Appendix IV
2023 Title XIX State Plan
First Quarter Amendment
Public Notice**

Article 16 Freestanding Clinics	\$11,810	\$47,240
Article 28 Freestanding Clinics & Ambulatory Surgery Centers	\$4,964	\$19,856
Assisted Living Programs	\$214,286	\$857,144
Certified Home Health Agencies	\$1,324	\$5,296
Article 28 Federally Qualified Health Centers (Freestanding Clinics)	\$624	\$2,496
Hospice	\$53,571	\$214,284
Hospital Inpatient	\$15,286	\$61,144
Intermediate Care Facilities	\$895,281	\$3,581,124
Nursing Homes	\$525,023	\$2,100,092
Personal Care	\$2,669,281	\$10,677,124
Residential Treatment Facilities	\$5,857	\$23,428
TOTALS	\$4,397,307	\$17,589,228

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

New York County
250 Church Street
New York, New York 10018

Queens County, Queens Center
3220 Northern Boulevard
Long Island City, New York 11101

Kings County, Fulton Center
114 Willoughby Street
Brooklyn, New York 11201

Bronx County, Tremont Center
1916 Monterey Avenue
Bronx, New York 10457

Richmond County, Richmond Center
95 Central Avenue, St. George
Staten Island, New York 10301

For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for long term care services in accordance with § 2826 of New York Public Health Law. The following changes are proposed:

Long Term Care Services

The following is a clarification to the September 28, 2022, noticed provision for the Nursing Home Vital Access Provider program which

will be instituted to support ongoing workforce challenges in order to provide stronger staff continuity and quality of care to residents. Eligible facilities must demonstrate both financial challenges and participation in a comprehensive health, retirement and training benefit fund.

With clarification, the estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget for state fiscal year 2022/2023 is \$51 million. Medicaid expenditures attributable to state fiscal year 2023/2024 and 2024/2025 are \$102 million each.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

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Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99 Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY 12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE
Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for long term care services in accordance with Public Health Law Section 2808 (2-c)(d). The following changes are proposed:

Long Term Care Services

Effective on or after January 1, 2023, the quality incentive program for non-specialty nursing homes will continue to recognize improvement in performance and provide for other minor modifications in the measurement set. The following four measures will be added to the measurement set: Percent of Long Stay High Risk Residents with Pressure Ulcers, Percent of Long Stay Residents Who have Depressive Symptoms, Percent of Long Stay Residents Who Lose Too Much Weight, and Potentially Avoidable Hospitalization.

There is no estimated change to annual gross Medicaid expenditures as a result of this proposed amendment.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

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For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99
Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY
12210, spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of Health

Pursuant to 42 CFR Section 447.205, the Department of Health hereby gives public notice of the following:

The Department of Health proposes to amend the Title XIX (Medicaid) State Plan for Institutional Services in accordance with § 2826 of New York Public Health Law. The following changes are proposed:

Institutional Services

Effective on or after January 1, 2023, temporary rate adjustments have been approved for services related to providers that are undergoing closure, merger, consolidation, acquisition or restructuring themselves or other health care providers. The temporary rate adjustments have been reviewed and approved for the following five Hospitals:

- Ellis Hospital with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to \$12,000,000 for the period January 1, 2023, through March 31, 2023, and \$12,000,000 for the period April 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024, and \$12,000,000 for the period April 1, 2024, through March 31, 2025.

- Faxton-St. Luke’s Healthcare with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to \$9,358,757 for the period January 1, 2023, through March 31, 2023.

- St. Elizabeth Medical Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to \$5,050,152 for the period January 1, 2023, through March 31, 2023.

- Catskill Regional Medical Center with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to \$3,514,212 for the period January 1, 2023, through March 31, 2023, and \$3,514,212 for the period April 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024, and \$3,514,212 for the period April 1, 2024, through March 31, 2025.

- Oswego Hospital with aggregate payment amounts totaling up to \$8,190,593 for the period January 1, 2023, through March 31, 2023, and \$5,277,476 for the period April 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024, and \$2,864,087 for the period April 1, 2024, through March 31, 2025.

The estimated net aggregate increase in gross Medicaid expenditures attributable to this initiative contained in the budget is \$38,113,714 in 2022/2023. The Medicaid expenditures attributable to state fiscal year 2023/2024 and state fiscal year 2024/2025 are \$20,791,688 and \$18,378,299, respectively.

The public is invited to review and comment on this proposed State Plan Amendment, a copy of which will be available for public review on the Department’s website at http://www.health.ny.gov/regulations/state_plans/status. Individuals without Internet access may view the State Plan Amendments at any local (county) social services district.

For the New York City district, copies will be available at the following places:

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For further information and to review and comment, please contact:
Department of Health, Division of Finance and Rate Setting, 99
Washington Ave., One Commerce Plaza, Suite 1432, Albany, NY
12210, e-mail: spa_inquiries@health.ny.gov

PUBLIC NOTICE

Orange County

Orange County is soliciting proposals from Administrative Service Agencies, Trustees, and Financial Organizations for services in connection with a Deferred Compensation Plan that will meet the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 5 of the State Finance Law, including all rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto.

A copy of the proposal questionnaire may be obtained from: James Burpoe, Commissioner of General Services, 255 Main Street, Goshen, NY 10924 or online at www.orangecountygov.com/generalservices under “Current Bids and Proposals”

All proposals must be submitted not later than thirty (30) days from the date of publication in the New York State Register.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Department of State

F-2022-0894

Date of Issuance – December 28, 2022

The New York State Department of State (DOS) is required by Federal regulations to provide timely public notice for the activities described below, which are subject to the consistency provisions of the Federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972, as amended.

The applicant has certified that the proposed activities comply with and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the federally approved New York State Coastal Management Program (NYSCMP). The applicant’s consistency certification and accompanying public information and data are available for inspection at the New York State Department of State offices located at One Commerce Plaza, 99 Washington Avenue, in Albany, New York.

In F-2022-0894, the applicant, Abraham Daniels, is proposing to

Appendix V
2023 Title XIX State Plan
First Quarter Amendment
Responses to Standard Funding Questions

LONG-TERM SERVICES
State Plan Amendment #23-0016

CMS Standard Funding Questions

The following questions are being asked and should be answered in relation to all payments made to all providers reimbursed pursuant to a methodology described in Attachment 4.19-D of the state plan.

- 1. Section 1903(a)(1) provides that Federal matching funds are only available for expenditures made by States for services under the approved State plan. Do providers receive and retain the total Medicaid expenditures claimed by the State (includes normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced payments, other) or is any portion of the payments returned to the State, local governmental entity, or any other intermediary organization? If providers are required to return any portion of payments, please provide a full description of the repayment process. Include in your response a full description of the methodology for the return of any of the payments, a complete listing of providers that return a portion of their payments, the amount or percentage of payments that are returned and the disposition and use of the funds once they are returned to the State (i.e., general fund, medical services account, etc.).**

Response: Providers (except for OPWDD's ICF/DD) receive and retain 100 percent of total Medicaid expenditures claimed by the State and the State does not require any provider to return any portion of such payments to the State, local government entities, or any other intermediary organization.

OPWDD's ICF/DD facilities are subject to a 5.5% Medicaid-reimbursable tax on gross receipts that are not kept by the provider but remitted to the state general fund for both voluntary and State-operated ICF/DDs. This assessment is authorized by Public Law 102-234, Section 43.04 of the New York State Mental Hygiene Law, Federal Medicaid regulations at 42 CFR 433.68. OPWDD recoups the assessment from the ICF/DD Medicaid payment before the payment is sent to the voluntary provider. For State operated ICF/DDs, the legislature appropriates an amount for payment of the assessment. Aside from the assessments, providers receive and retain all the Medicaid payments for ICF/DD services.

- 2. Section 1902(a)(2) provides that the lack of adequate funds from local sources will not result in lowering the amount, duration, scope, or quality of care and services available under the plan. Please describe how the state share of each type of Medicaid payment (normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced, other) is funded. Please describe whether the state share is from appropriations from the legislature to the Medicaid agency, through intergovernmental transfer agreements (IGTs), certified public expenditures (CPEs), provider taxes, or any other mechanism used by the state to provide state share. Note that, if the appropriation is not to the Medicaid agency, the source of the state share would necessarily be derived through either through an IGT or CPE. In this case, please identify the agency to which the funds are appropriated. Please provide an estimate of total expenditure and State share amounts for each type of Medicaid**

payment. If any of the non-federal share is being provided using IGTs or CPEs, please fully describe the matching arrangement including when the state agency receives the transferred amounts from the local governmental entity transferring the funds. If CPEs are used, please describe the methodology used by the state to verify that the total expenditures being certified are eligible for Federal matching funds in accordance with 42 CFR 433.51(b). For any payment funded by CPEs or IGTs, please provide the following:

- (i) a complete list of the names of entities transferring or certifying funds;**
- (ii) the operational nature of the entity (state, county, city, other);**
- (iii) the total amounts transferred or certified by each entity;**
- (iv) clarify whether the certifying or transferring entity has general taxing authority; and,**
- (v) whether the certifying or transferring entity received appropriations (identify level of appropriations).**

Response: The Non-Federal share Medicaid provider payment (normal per diem and supplemental) is funded by a combination of the following funds/funding sources through enacted appropriations authority to the Department of Health (DOH) for the New York State Medicaid program or is funded by an IGT transferred from the counties.

Payment Type	Non-Federal Share Funding	4/1/22 – 3/31/23	
		Non-Federal	Gross
Nursing Homes Normal Per Diem	General Fund; Special Revenue Funds; County Contribution	\$3.215B	\$6.429B
Intermediate Care Facilities Normal Per Diem	General Fund; County Contribution	\$409M	\$818M
Nursing Homes Supplemental	General Fund	\$279M	\$558M
Intermediate Care Facilities Supplemental	General Fund	\$33M	\$65M
Nursing Homes UPL	IGT	\$148M	\$296M
Totals		\$4.083B	\$8.166B

A. General Fund: Revenue resources for the State’s General Fund includes taxes (e.g., income, sales, etc.), and miscellaneous fees (including audit recoveries and provider assessments). Medicaid expenditures from the State’s General Fund are authorized from Department of Health Medicaid.

- 1) **New York State Audit Recoveries:** The Department of Health collaborates with the Office of the Medical Inspector General (OMIG) and the Office of the Attorney General (AG) in recovering improperly expended Medicaid funds. OMIG conducts and coordinates the investigation, detection, audit, and review of Medicaid providers and recipients to ensure they are complying with all applicable laws and regulation. OMIG recovers any improper payments through cash collections and voided claim recoveries. Cash collections are deposited into the State’s General Fund to offset Medicaid costs.

In addition to cash collections, OMIG finds inappropriately billed claims within provider claims. To correct an error, OMIG and DOH process the current accurate claim, and reduce this claim by the inappropriate claim value to recoup the previous overclaim and decrease state spending.

- 2) Intermediate Care Facilities (ICF) Provider Service Assessment: Pursuant to New York State Mental Hygiene Law 43.04, a provider's gross receipts received on a cash basis for all services rendered at all ICFs is assessed at 5.5 percent. This assessment is deposited directly into the State's General Fund.

B. Special Revenue Funds:

Health Facility Cash Assessment Program (HFCAP) Fund: Pursuant to New York State Public Health Law 2807-d and Section 90 of Part H of Chapter 59 of the Laws of 2011, the total state assessment on each residential health care facility's gross receipts received from all patient care services and other operating income on a cash basis for residential health care facilities, including adult day service, but excluding, gross receipts attributable to payments received pursuant to Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (Medicare), is 6.8 percent.

NOTE: New York's Health Care taxes are either broad based and uniform (as in all HFCAP assessments except for the Personal Care Provider Cash Assessment) or have a specific exemption known as the "D'Amato provision (Federal PHL section 105-33 4722 (c))" which allows the HCRA surcharges to exist in their current format. The single tax which has been determined by the State to be an impermissible provider tax is the HFCAP charge on Personal Care Providers. The State does not claim any Federal dollars for the surcharge collected in this manner in order to comply with all Federal provider tax rules.

C. Additional Resources for Non-Federal Share Funding:

County Contribution: In State Fiscal Year 2006, through enacted State legislation (Part C of Chapter 58 of the laws of 2005), New York State "capped" the amount localities contributed to the non-Federal share of providers claims. This was designed to relieve pressure on county property taxes and the NYC budget by limiting local contributions having New York State absorb all local program costs above this fixed statutory inflation rate (3% at the time).

However, in State Fiscal Year 2013 New York State provided additional relief to Localities by reducing local contributions annual growth from three percent to zero over a three-year period. Beginning in State Fiscal Year 2016, counties began paying a fixed cost in perpetuity as follows:

Entity	Annual Amount
New York City	\$4.882B
Suffolk County	\$216M
Nassau County	\$213M
Westchester County	\$199M

Erie County	\$185M
Rest of State (53 Counties)	\$979M
Total	\$6.835B

By eliminating the growth in localities Medicaid costs, the State has statutorily capped total Statewide County Medicaid expenditures at 2015 levels. All additional county Medicaid costs are funded by the State through State funding as described above. DOH provides annual letters to counties providing weekly contributions. Contributions are deposited directly into State escrow account and used to offset 'total' State share Medicaid funding.

NOTE: The Local Contribution is not tied to a specific claim or service category and instead is a capped amount based on 2015 county spending levels as stated above. Each deposit received is reviewed and compared to the amount each county is responsible to contribute to the Medicaid program to verify the county funds received are eligible for Medicaid expenses.

D. IGT Funding:

New York State requests the transfer of the IGT amounts from entities prior to the release of payments to the providers. The entities transferring IGT amounts are all units of government, and the nonfederal share is derived from state or local tax revenue funded accounts only. The providers keep and retain Medicaid payments. Please note that entities have taxing authority, and the State does not provide appropriations to the entities for IGTs.

Provider	Entity Transferring IGT Funds	4/1/22-3/31/23 IGT Amount
A Holly Patterson Extended Care Facility	Nassau County	\$14M
Albany County Nursing Home	Albany County	\$5M
Chemung County Health Center	Chemung County	\$4M
Clinton County Nursing Home	Clinton County	\$2M
Coler Rehabilitation & Nursing Care Center	New York City	\$12M
Dr. Susan Smith Mckinney Nursing and Rehab Center	Kings County	\$7M
Glendale Home	Schenectady County	\$5M
Henry J. Carter Nursing Home	New York City	\$5M
Lewis County General Hospital-Nursing Home Unit	Lewis County	\$4M
Livingston County Center for Nursing and Rehabilitation	Livingston County	\$7M
Monroe Community Hospital-Nursing Home Unit	Monroe County	\$16M
New Gouverneur Hospital-Nursing Home Unit	New York City	\$5M
Sea View Hospital Rehabilitation Center and Home	Richmond County	\$8M
Sullivan County Adult Care Center	Sullivan County	\$2M
Terrace View Long Term Care	Erie County	\$11M
The Pines Healthcare & Rehab Centers Machias Camp	Cattaraugus County	\$3M
The Pines Healthcare & Rehab Centers Olean Camp	Cattaraugus County	\$3M
The Valley View Center for Nursing Care and Rehab	Orange County	\$11M
Van Rensselaer Manor	Rensselaer County	\$10M

Wayne County Nursing Home	Wayne County	\$4M
Willow Point Rehabilitation & Nursing Center	Broome County	\$6M
Wyoming County Community Hospital-NH Unit	Wyoming County	\$4M
Total		\$148M

- 3. Section 1902(a)(30) requires that payments for services be consistent with efficiency, economy, and quality of care. Section 1903(a)(1) provides for Federal financial participation to States for expenditures for services under an approved State plan. If supplemental or enhanced payments are made, please provide the total amount for each type of supplemental or enhanced payment made to each provider type.**

Response: Below is a list of nursing home and ICF supplemental payments:

Payment Type	Private	State Government	Non-State Government	4/1/22-3/31/23 Gross Total
Nursing Home Reforms	\$187M	\$0	\$0	\$187M
2% Supplemental Payment	\$130M	\$1M	\$9M	\$140M
1.5% ATB Restoration	\$88M	\$0.6M	\$5M	\$94M
Workforce Vital Access Program	\$51M	\$0	\$0	\$51M
Advanced Training Initiative	\$43M	\$0	\$3M	\$46M
Cinergy	\$30M	\$0	\$0	\$30M
Vital Access Program	\$7M	\$0	\$0	\$7M
Bridgeview Settlement	\$2M	\$0	\$0	\$2M
Nursing Home Quality Pool	(\$1.2M)	\$0.4M	\$0.8M	\$0
Nursing Home UPL	\$0	\$0	\$295M	\$295M
ICF Worker Bonus	\$65M	\$0	\$0	\$65M
Total	\$603M	\$2M	\$313M	\$918M

The Medicaid payments authorized under this State Plan Amendment are supplemental payments. The Nursing Home Quality Pool is a self-funded pool. All nursing homes are required to contribute a total of \$50 million to the pool and only those nursing homes which score in the top three quintiles for quality receive payments totaling \$50 million. The values in the table above specific to the Nursing Home Quality Pool reflect the incremental changes between the provider types.

- 4. Please provide a detailed description of the methodology used by the state to estimate the upper payment limit (UPL) for each class of providers (State owned or operated, non-state government owned or operated, and privately owned or operated). Please provide a current (i.e. applicable to the current rate year) UPL demonstration. Under regulations at 42 CFR 447.272, States are prohibited from setting payment rates for Medicaid inpatient services that exceed a reasonable estimate of the amount that would be paid under Medicare payment principals.**

Response: The nursing home UPL calculation is a payment-to-payment calculation for state government and private facilities. Non-state Governmental facilities undergo a payment-to-cost calculation. The Medicaid payments under this State Plan Amendment will be included in the 2023 nursing home UPL when it is submitted to CMS.

5. **Does any governmental provider receive payments that in the aggregate (normal per diem, supplemental, enhanced, other) exceed their reasonable costs of providing services? If payments exceed the cost of services, do you recoup the excess and return the Federal share of the excess to CMS on the quarterly expenditure report?**

Response: Providers do not receive payments that in the aggregate exceed their reasonable costs of providing services. If any providers received payments that in the aggregate exceeded their reasonable costs of providing services, the State would recoup the excess and return the Federal share of the excess to CMS on the quarterly expenditure report.

ACA Assurances:

1. **Maintenance of Effort (MOE).** Under section 1902(gg) of the Social Security Act (the Act), as amended by the Affordable Care Act, as a condition of receiving any Federal payments under the Medicaid program during the MOE period indicated below, the State shall not have in effect any eligibility standards, methodologies, or procedures in its Medicaid program which are more restrictive than such eligibility provisions as in effect in its Medicaid program on March 10, 2010.

MOE Period.

- **Begins on:** March 10, 2010, and
- **Ends on:** The date the Secretary of the Federal Department of Health and Human Services determines an Exchange established by a State under the provisions of section 1311 of the Affordable Care Act is fully operational.

Response: This SPA complies with the conditions of the MOE provision of section 1902(gg) of the Act for continued funding under the Medicaid program.

2. **Section 1905(y) and (z) of the Act provides for increased FMAPs for expenditures made on or after January 1, 2014 for individuals determined eligible under section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VIII) of the Act. Under section 1905(cc) of the Act, the increased FMAP under sections 1905(y) and (z) would not be available for States that require local political subdivisions to contribute amounts toward the non-Federal share of the State's expenditures at a greater percentage than would have been required on December 31, 2009.**

Prior to January 1, 2014 States may potentially require contributions by local political subdivisions toward the non-Federal share of the States' expenditures at percentages greater than were required on December 31, 2009. However,

because of the provisions of section 1905(cc) of the Act, it is important to determine and document/flag any SPAs/State plans which have such greater percentages prior to the January 1, 2014 date in order to anticipate potential violations and/or appropriate corrective actions by the States and the Federal government.

Response: This SPA would [] / would not [✓] violate these provisions, if they remained in effect on or after January 1, 2014.

3. Please indicate whether the State is currently in conformance with the requirements of section 1902(a)(37) of the Act regarding prompt payment of claims.

Response: The State complies with the requirements of section 1902(a)(37) of the Act regarding prompt payment of claims.

Tribal Assurance:

Section 1902(a)(73) of the Social Security Act the Act requires a State in which one or more Indian Health Programs or Urban Indian Organizations furnish health care services to establish a process for the State Medicaid agency to seek advice on a regular ongoing basis from designees of Indian health programs whether operated by the Indian Health Service HIS Tribes or Tribal organizations under the Indian Self Determination and Education Assistance Act ISDEAA or Urban Indian Organizations under the Indian Health Care Improvement Act.

IHCIA Section 2107(e)(I) of the Act was also amended to apply these requirements to the Children's Health Insurance Program CHIP. Consultation is required concerning Medicaid and CHIP matters having a direct impact on Indian health programs and Urban Indian organizations.

- a) Please describe the process the State uses to seek advice on a regular ongoing basis from federally recognized tribes Indian Health Programs and Urban Indian Organizations on matters related to Medicaid and CHIP programs and for consultation on State Plan Amendments waiver proposals waiver extensions waiver amendments waiver renewals and proposals for demonstration projects prior to submission to CMS.
- b) Please include information about the frequency inclusiveness and process for seeking such advice.
- c) Please describe the consultation process that occurred specifically for the development and submission of this State Plan Amendment when it occurred and who was involved.

Response: Tribal consultation was performed in accordance with the State's tribal consultation policy as approved in SPA 17-0065, and documentation of such is included with this submission. To date, no feedback has been received from any tribal representative in response to the proposed change in this SPA.