## INCOME LIF BUDGETING METHODOLOGY

## EARNED INCOME DISREGARD

Description:	An earned income disregard will be applied to the earning each income earner in families who have earned income percentage of earned income will be disregarded from earnings of each income earner for families who:			
	1. pass the three tests			
	185 141	% of Public Assistance Standard of Ne )	d of Need (see page	
	100% of poverty level test (see page 142)			
	100% of Public Assistance Standard of Need (see page 143)		eed (see page	
	OR			
	the 10	<ol> <li>pass the 185% Public Assistance Standard of Need test, the 100% poverty level test and received LIF in one out of the four previous months.</li> </ol>		
	No time limit is applied to the earned income disregard.			
	The earned income disregard will be adjusted annually to reflect changes in the poverty level guidelines.			
	Effective June 1, 2000 Effective June 1, 2001		47%	
	Effective JL	ine 1, 2001	<b>49</b> %	
Policy:	After the \$90 work expense is deducted from gross income, the current earned income disregard percentage is applied to the remaining income to determine the amount of the earned income disregard. The earned income disregard is then deducted from gross income.			
References:	SSL Sect.	366		
	ADMs	OMM/ADM 97-2		
	GIS	00 MA/008		
Interpretation:	The earned income disregard is computed as follows:			

## INCOME LIF BUDGETING METHODOLOGY

## EARNED INCOME DISREGARD

- (a) Subtract the \$90 work expense disregard from the gross earned income;
- (b) Multiply the remainder by the appropriate percentage; and
- (c) Subtract that amount from the net income.
- When to Verify: (a) When the A/R or the case record indicates that the A/R is employed and has received Medicaid under LIF budgeting in one of the four previous months;
  - (b) When the A/R's earned income is equal to or less than the Public Assistance Standard of Need.