## OTHER ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION STATUS

#### **PRUCOL**

#### DOCUMENTATION GUIDE FOR PRUCOL ALIEN CATEGORIES

rev. 09/15/08

**PRUCOL:** (Permanently Residing in the United States Under Color Of Law) are any aliens who are residing in the United States with the knowledge and permission or acquiescence of the federal immigration agency (formerly the Immigration and Naturalization Services [INS]), now the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (U.S.C.I.S.), or the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement (I.C.E) or the Executive Office of Immigration Review (EOIR) and whose departure from the United States the agency does not contemplate enforcing.

ALIEN CATEGORIES	GENERAL INFORMATION		DOCUMENTATION/FORMS
a) Aliens paroled into the United States pursuant to Section 212(d)(5) of the INA showing status for less than one year, except for Cuban/Haitian entrants.	Aliens in this category are admitted to the United States for similar reasons as a refugee, i.e., humanitarian. However, this category, unlike refugee status, does not grant legal residence status.	Parole status allows the alien temporary status until USCIS determination of his/her admissibility has been made; at which time another status may be granted.	Aliens in this category will have a FORM I-94 indicating that the bearer has been paroled pursuant to Section 212 (d)(5) of the INA. Possession of a properly annotated Form I-94 constitutes evidence of permanent residence in the U.S. under color of law, regardless of the date the Form I-94 is annotated.
b) Aliens residing in the United States pursuant to an Order of Supervision.	Aliens in this category have been found deportable; however, certain factors exist which make it unlikely that the federal immigration agency would be able to remove the alien. Such factors include age, physical condition, humanitarian concerns, and the availability of a country to accept the deportee.	Aliens in this category are required to report to the federal immigration agency periodically; if the factors preventing deportation are eliminated, the agency will initiate action to remove the alien.	Aliens in this category will have an USCIS Form I-94 or I-220B.
c) Deportable aliens residing in the United States pursuant to an indefinite stay of deportation.	Aliens in this category have been found to be deportable, but the federal immigration agency may defer deportation indefinitely due to humanitarian reasons.		Aliens in this category will have a letter and/or FORM I-94 showing that the alien has been granted an indefinite stay of deportation.
d) Aliens residing in the United States pursuant to an indefinite voluntary departure.			Aliens in this category will have a letter and/or Form I-94 indicating that the alien has been granted departure for an indefinite time period.
e) Aliens on whose behalf an immediate relative petition has been approved and their families covered by the petition, who are entitled to voluntary departure and whose departure the federal immigration agency does not contemplate enforcing.	NOTE: An immediate relative for USCIS purposes is: husband, wife, father, mother, or child (unmarried and under 21). Aliens in this category are the immediate relatives of an American citizen/LPR and have had filed on their behalf a Form I-130 petition for issuance of an immigration visa.	If this petition has been approved, a <b>visa</b> will be prepared, which will allow the alien to remain in the United States <b>permanently</b> .	Aliens in this category may have a Form I-94 and/or I-210 letter. These documents, or others, indicate that the alien is to depart on a specified date (usually 3 months from date of issue), however, USCIS expects the alien's visa to be available within this time. If it is not, extensions may be granted until the visa is ready.

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f) Aliens who have <b>filed</b>	Aliens in this category have filed		Aliens in this category may have
applications for	for lawful permanent resident		Form I-94 or Form I-181 or
adjustment of status	status.		their passports will be stamped
pursuant to Section 245			with either of the following:
of the INA that USCIS			"adjustment application" or
has accepted as			"employment authorized
"properly filed" or has			during status as adjustment
granted and whose			applicant".
departure the federal			
immigration agency does			
not contemplate			
enforcing.			
g) Aliens granted stay of	Aliens in this category have been		Aliens in this category will have a
deportation by court	found to be deportable, but the		letter or copy of the court
order, statute or	federal immigration agency may		order and/or a Form I-94.
regulation, or by	defer deportation for a specified		
individual determination	period of time due to humanitarian		
of the federal	reasons.		
immigration agency			
pursuant to Section 243			
of the INA whose			
departure BCIS does not			
contemplate enforcing.			
h) Aliens granted	Aliens in this category are	NOTE: N/A	Such aliens are provided Forms
voluntary departure	awaiting a visa.	NOTE. NA	I-94 and/or I-210 which indicate
pursuant to Section	arraining a rious		a departure within 60 days. This
242(b) of the INA whose		SECTION 242 (b) OF	may be extended if the visa is
departure the federal		THE INA HAS BEEN	not ready within the time allotted.
immigration agency does		REPEALED	
not contemplate			
enforcing.			
i) Aliens granted			Aliens in this category will have
deferred action status			Form I-210 or a letter indicating
pursuant to the federal			that the alien's departure has
immigration agency's			been deferred.
operating policy.			
j) Aliens who entered and	Aliens in this category are		Obtain any documentary proof
have continuously	presumed by the federal		establishing entry and
resided in the United	immigration agency to meet		continuous residence.
States since before	certain criteria for lawful		
January 1, 1972.	permanent residence.		
k) Aliens granted	Aliens in this category have been		Aliens in this category will have a
suspension of	found deportable, have met a		letter/order from an
deportation pursuant to	period of continuous residence		immigration judge and a Form
Section 244 of the INA	and have <b>filed</b> an application for		I-94 showing suspension of
whose departure the	the federal immigration agency to		deportation granted. After lawful
federal Immigration	suspend deportation, which has		permanent residence is granted
agency does not	been granted.		the alien will have a Form I-551.
contemplate enforcing.	been granted.		and and the nave a reminiscent

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ALIEN CATEGORIES	GENERAL INFORMATION		DOCUMENTATION/FORMS
I) Any other aliens living	Aliens in this category may be in a	Examples include, but are not	Aliens in this category may have
in the U.S. with the	status not listed above, but based	limited to:	a:
knowledge and permission or acquiescence of the federal immigration agency and whose departure that agency does not contemplate enforcing.	on a determination by the federal immigration agency or documentation supplied by the alien or his or her representative that indicates the alien is present in the U.S. with the knowledge of the agency and with the permission or acquiescence of the agency, local districts may find them to be PRUCOL.	Applicants for adjustment of status to LPR, asylum, suspension of deportation or cancellation of removal or requesting deferred action; or Persons granted Deferred Enforced Departure (DED) due to conditions in their home country; or Permanent non-immigrants, pursuant to P.L. 99-239 (applicable to citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia and the Marshall Islands; Persons granted Temporary Protected Status; or Applicants for Temporary Protected Status (TPS); or Persons having a K, V, S or U Visa.	I-94 Arrival/Departure Record; or I-688B Employment Authorization Card; or I-766 Employment Authorization Document; or I-797 "Notice of Action" indicating the USCIS has received an application or petition or request for change of status; or a Postal Return Receipt addressed to the federal immigration agency* or a copy of a cancelled check to the federal immigration agency, and a copy of the application, petition or request submitted to the federal immigration agency.  (* USCIS-United States Citizenship and Immigration Services; ICE-Immigration and Customs Enforcement; EOIR-Executive Office of Immigration Review.)