OHITT Updates for PHHPC

October 11, 2012

Federal HITECH Funds Paid Out as of August 2012





NYS Meaningful Use

Medicaid as of September, Medicare as of August

Medicaid	Medicare	
# of Hospitals: 119	# of Hospitals: 66	
# of EPs: 2,787	# of EPs: 4,472	
Total \$\$s Paid: \$189.9M	Total \$\$s Paid: \$215.6M	

Statewide Total

of Hospitals: 185

of EPs: 7,259

Total \$\$s Paid: \$415.5M

Meaningful Use (MU) Acceleration on a National Level

Objective: Ensure that at least 100,000+ eligible professionals receive EHR incentive payments by the end of CY2012

Why do the Challenge?

- Show the success states have achieved in getting eligible professionals paid the incentives
- Improve clinical practices and use incentive dollars to do it
- Achieve the objectives of the HITECH Act and let stakeholders know it is happening

MU Acceleration Challenge for NYS

Initial Challenge Level: New York State had initially set an initial target of over 6,000 eligible professionals receiving incentive payments in calendar year 2012

New Challenge Level: 9000 eligible professionals and hospitals receiving incentive payments for calendar years 2011 and 2012



Health Information Technology Evaluation Collaborative (HITEC)

- A unique, multi-institutional academic collaborative that provides rigorous evaluation of New York State's investment in health information technology and health IT-enabled care transformation
- Established in 2005



Weill Cornell Medical College

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY



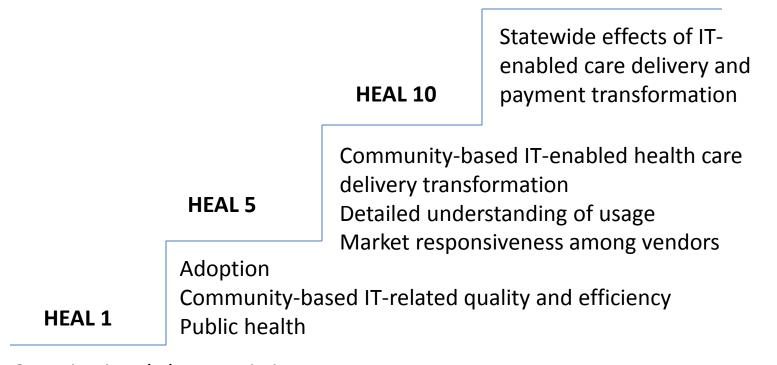




HITEC's HEAL NY Evaluations

Phases 1, 5, 10, and 17

HEAL 17

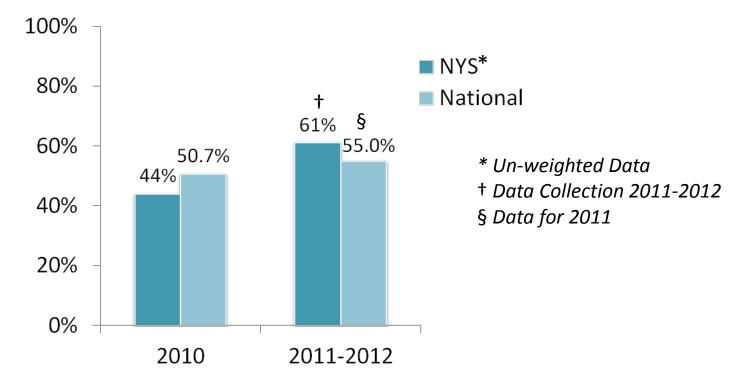


Organizational characteristics Provider attitudes Patient attitudes



Health IT Adoption: Effects of HEAL NY

• EHR adoption by physicians has increased faster in NY than the rest of the country over the past two years



(Abramson, McGinnis, Moore, Edwards, Silver, Kaushal, in preparation)

Quality: Effects of Early Patient-Centered Medical Home



In 2010: p = 0.02 for PCMH vs. paper. Kern, Edwards, Kaushal, JGIM October 2012

Health Care Costs: Effects of Health Information Exchange

 Patients who have their virtual health record (VHR) accessed are significantly less likely to be admitted to the hospital than patients who do not have their VHR accessed

	VHR accessed	VHR not accessed	P-value
Admitted	15.5%	21.0%	<0.01
Not admitted	84.5%	79.0%	

(Vest, Kern, Kaushal, in preparation)