

# Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report

The New York State Department of Health (NYSDOH) collects, compiles, and analyzes information on influenza activity year round in New York State (NYS) and produces this weekly report during the influenza season (October through the following May).<sup>1</sup>

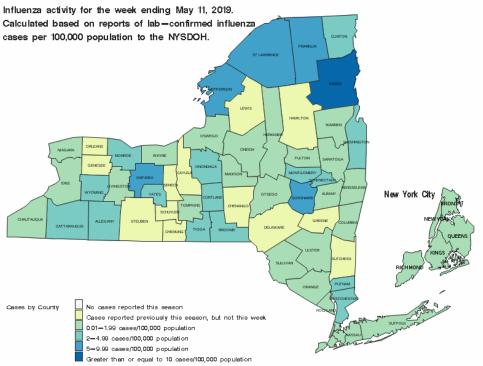
## During the week ending May 11, 2019

- Influenza activity level was categorized as geographically regional<sup>2</sup>. This is the first week that regional activity has been
  reported following 21 consecutive weeks of geographically widespread activity.
- There were 307 laboratory-confirmed influenza reports, a 42% decrease over last week.
- Of the 1,681 specimens submitted by WHO/NREVSS clinical laboratories, 39 (2.32%) were positive for influenza. 29 were influenza A and 10 were influenza B.
- Of the 65 specimens tested at Wadsworth Center, 60 were positive for influenza. 32 were influenza A (H1), 20 were influenza A (H3), 4 were influenza A (Not Subtyped), 1 was influenza B, 1 was influenza B (Yamagata), and 2 were influenza B (Victoria).
- Reports of percent of patient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI³) from ILINet providers was **0.89**%, below the regional baseline of 3.10%.
- The number of patients hospitalized with laboratory-confirmed influenza was 72, a 31% decrease over last week.
- There were **no** influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported this week. There have been **six** influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported this season.

# Laboratory Reports of Influenza (including NYC)

All clinical laboratories that perform testing on residents of NYS report all positive influenza test results to NYSDOH.

- 49 counties reported cases this week.
- Incidence ranged from 0-21.08 cases/100,000 population.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information about influenza monitoring in New York City (NYC) is available from the NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene website at: <a href="http://www.nyc.gov/html/doh/">http://www.nyc.gov/html/doh/</a>. National influenza surveillance data is available on CDC's FluView website at <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/">http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/</a>.

Sporadic: Small numbers of lab-confirmed cases of influenza reported.

Local: Increased or sustained numbers of lab-confirmed cases of influenza reported in a single region of New York State; sporadic in rest of state.

Regional: Increased or sustained numbers of lab-confirmed cases of influenza reported in at least two regions but in fewer than 31 of 62 counties.

Widespread: Increased or sustained numbers of lab-confirmed cases of influenza reported in greater than 31 of the 62 counties.

Increased or sustained is defined as 2 or more cases of laboratory-confirmed influenza per 100,000 population.

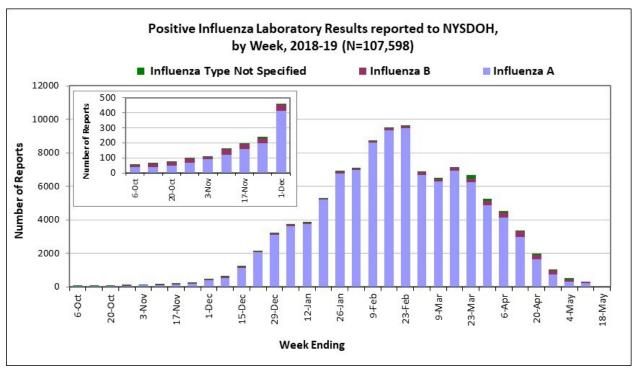
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza reported to the NYSDOH.

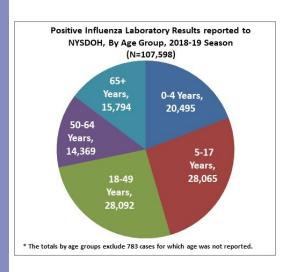
<sup>3</sup> ILI = influenza-like illness, defined as temperature 100° F with cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza

## Laboratory Reports of Influenza (including NYC)

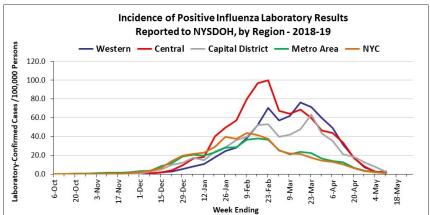
Test results may identify influenza Type A, influenza Type B, or influenza without specifying Type A or B. Some tests only give a positive or negative result and cannot identify influenza type (not specified).

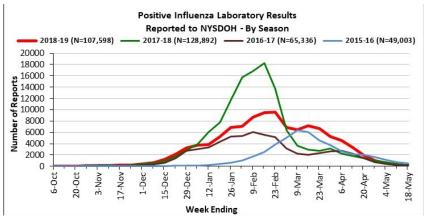
County-level data is displayed on the NYS Flu Tracker at <a href="https://nyshc.health.ny.gov/web/nyapd/new-york-state-flu-tracker">https://nyshc.health.ny.gov/web/nyapd/new-york-state-flu-tracker</a>. To download the data, please go to Health Data NY at <a href="https://health.data.ny.gov/Health/Influenza-Laboratory-Confirmed-Cases-By-County-Beg/jr8b-6gh6">https://health.data.ny.gov/Health/Influenza-Laboratory-Confirmed-Cases-By-County-Beg/jr8b-6gh6</a>.





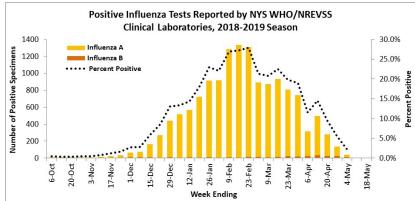
Department of Health



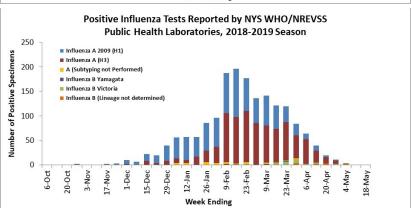


# World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory & Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) Collaborating Laboratories

Clinical laboratories that are WHO and/or NREVSS collaborating laboratories for virologic surveillance report weekly the number of respiratory specimens tested and the number positive for influenza types A and B to CDC. Because denominator data is provided, the weekly percentage of specimens testing positive for influenza is calculated.

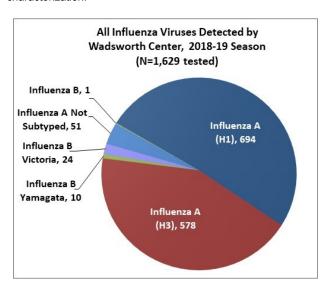


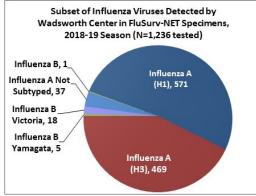
Public health laboratories that are WHO and/or NREVSS collaborating laboratories also report the influenza A subtype (H1 or H3) and influenza B lineage (Victoria or Yamagata).

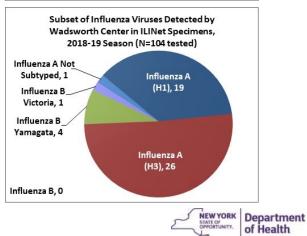


Influenza Virus Types and Subtypes Identified at Wadsworth Center (excluding NYC)

Wadsworth Center, the NYSDOH public health laboratory, tests specimens from sources including, outpatient healthcare providers (ILINet) and hospitals (FluSurv-NET). There are 2 common subtypes of influenza A viruses – H1 and H3. Wadsworth also identifies the lineage of influenza B specimens –Yamagata or Victoria. Rarely, an influenza virus is unable to have it's subtype or lineage identified by the laboratory. Wadsworth sends a subset of positive influenza specimens to the CDC for further virus testing and characterization.







## **Influenza Antiviral Resistance Testing**

The Wadsworth Center Virology Laboratory performs surveillance testing for antiviral drug resistance.4

#### NYS Antiviral Resistance Testing Results on Samples Collected Season-to-date, 2018-19

	Samples tested	Oseltamivir Resistant Viruses, Number (%)	Zanamivir Resistant Viruses, Number (%)			
Influenza A (H1N1pdm09) i	287	4 (1%)	0 (0%)			
Influenza A (H3N2) <sup>ii</sup>	119	0 (0%)	0 (0%)			
Influenza B <sup>iii</sup>	0	0 (0%)	0 (0%)			

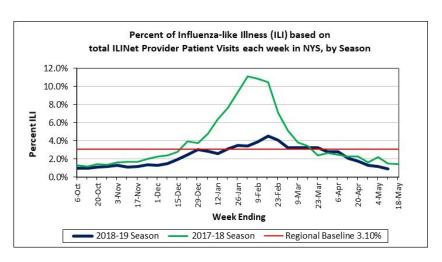
- i. All samples tested by pyrosequencing for the H275Y variant in the neuraminidase gene which confers resistance to oseltamivir, and a subset tested by NA dideoxy sequencing for other variations known to cause, or suspected of causing, resistance to neuraminidase inhibitor drugs including zanamivir and oseltamivir.
- ii. All samples tested for oseltamivir resistance by pyrosequencing for E119V, R292K, and N294S in the neuraminidase gene (NA), and a subset tested by NA dideoxy sequencing for other variations known to cause, or suspected of causing, resistance to neuraminidase inhibitor drugs including zanamivir and oseltamivir.
- iii. Samples tested by whole gene dideoxysequencing of the neuraminidase gene. Sequence data reviewed for variations known to cause, or suspected of causing, resistance to neuraminidase inhibitor drugs including zanamivir and oseltamivir.

# Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) (excluding NYC)

The NYSDOH works with ILINet healthcare providers who report the total number of patients seen and the total number of those with complaints of influenza-like illness (ILI) every week in an outpatient setting.

The CDC uses trends from past years to determine a regional baseline rate of doctors' office visits for ILI. For NYS, the regional baseline is currently 3.10%. Numbers above this regional baseline suggest high levels of illness consistent with influenza in the state.

Note that surrounding holiday weeks, it is not uncommon to notice a fluctuation in the ILI rate. This is a result of the different pattern of patient visits for non-urgent needs.

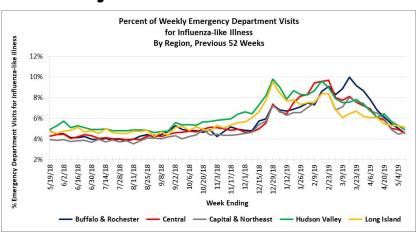


# Emergency Department Visits for ILI-Syndromic Surveillance (excluding NYC)

Hospitals around NYS report the number of patients seen in their emergency departments with complaints of ILI. This is called syndromic surveillance.

An increase in visits to hospital emergency departments for ILI can be one sign that influenza has arrived in that part of NYS.

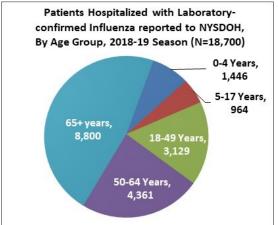
Syndromic surveillance does not reveal the actual cause of illness, but is thought to correlate with emergency department visits for influenza.

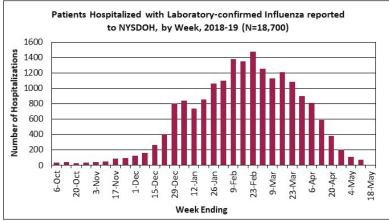


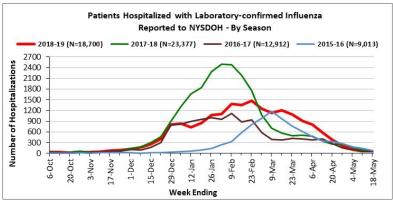


Patients Hospitalized with Laboratory-Confirmed Influenza (including NYC)

Hospitals in NYS and NYC report the number of hospitalized patients with laboratory-confirmed Influenza to NYSDOH. 172 (95%) of 182 hospitals reported this week.

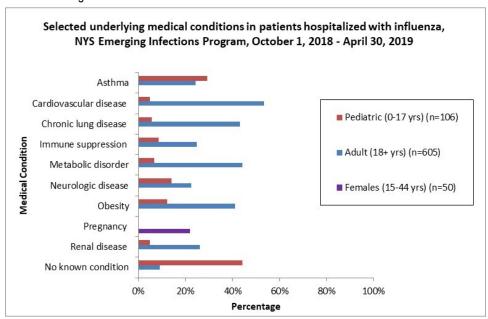






# Influenza Hospitalization Surveillance Network (FluSurv-NET)

As part of the CDC's FluSurv-NET, the NYS Emerging Infections Program (EIP) conducts enhanced surveillance for hospitalized cases of laboratory-confirmed influenza among residents of 15 counties.<sup>5</sup> Underlying health conditions are assessed through medical chart reviews for cases identified during the season.<sup>6</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Counties include, in the Capital District: Albany, Columbia, Greene, Montgomery, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, and Schoharie; in the Western Region: Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Wayne, and Yates

Data are based on medical record reviews for 711 of 2427 hospitalized cases currently under investigation and should be considered preliminary.



## Healthcare-associated Influenza Activity (including NYC)

Hospitals and nursing homes in NYS report outbreaks of influenza to the State. An outbreak in these settings is defined as one or more healthcare facility-associated case(s) of confirmed influenza in a patient or resident or two or more cases of influenza-like illness among healthcare workers and patients/residents of a facility on the same unit within 7 days. Outbreaks are considered confirmed only with positive laboratory testing.<sup>7</sup>

Week-to-Date (CDC week - 19)	Capital Region		Central Region		Metro Region		Western Region			Statewide (Total)					
5/5/19 through 5/11/19	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total
# Outbreaks* Lab-confirmed Influenza (any type)			0		1	1		1	1			0	0	2	2
# Outbreaks* viral respiratory illness**			0			0			0			0	0	0	0
Total # Outbreaks	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2
Season-to-Date (CDC week - 19)	Capital Region		Central Region		Metro Region		Western Region		Statewide (Total)						
9/30/18 through 5/11/19	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total	ACF	LTCF	Total
# Outbreaks* Lab-confirmed Influenza (any type)	30	41	71	19	84	103	326	282	608	49	119	168	424	526	950
# Outbreaks* viral respiratory illness**		4	4		5	5	1	6	7		12	12	1	27	28
Total # Outbreaks	30	45	75	19	89	108	327	288	615	49	131	180	425	553	978

ACF - Article 28 Acute Care Facility

LTCF - Article 28 Long Term Care Facility

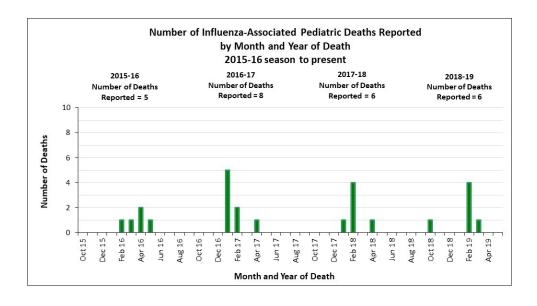
For information about the flu mask regulation and the current status of the Commissioner's declaration, please visit www.health.ny.gov/FluMaskReg

## Pediatric influenza-associated deaths reported (including NYC)

Local health departments report pediatric influenza-associated deaths to NYSDOH.

Flu-associated deaths in children younger than 18 years old are nationally notifiable. Influenza-associated deaths in persons 18 years and older are not notifiable.

All pediatric flu-associated deaths included in this report are laboratory-confirmed.





<sup>\*</sup>Outbreaks are reported based on the onset date of symptoms in the first case

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes outbreaks of suspect influenza and/or other viral upper respiratory pathogens